

Preventing people from becoming future perpetrators of domestic abuse in Southampton

a literature review

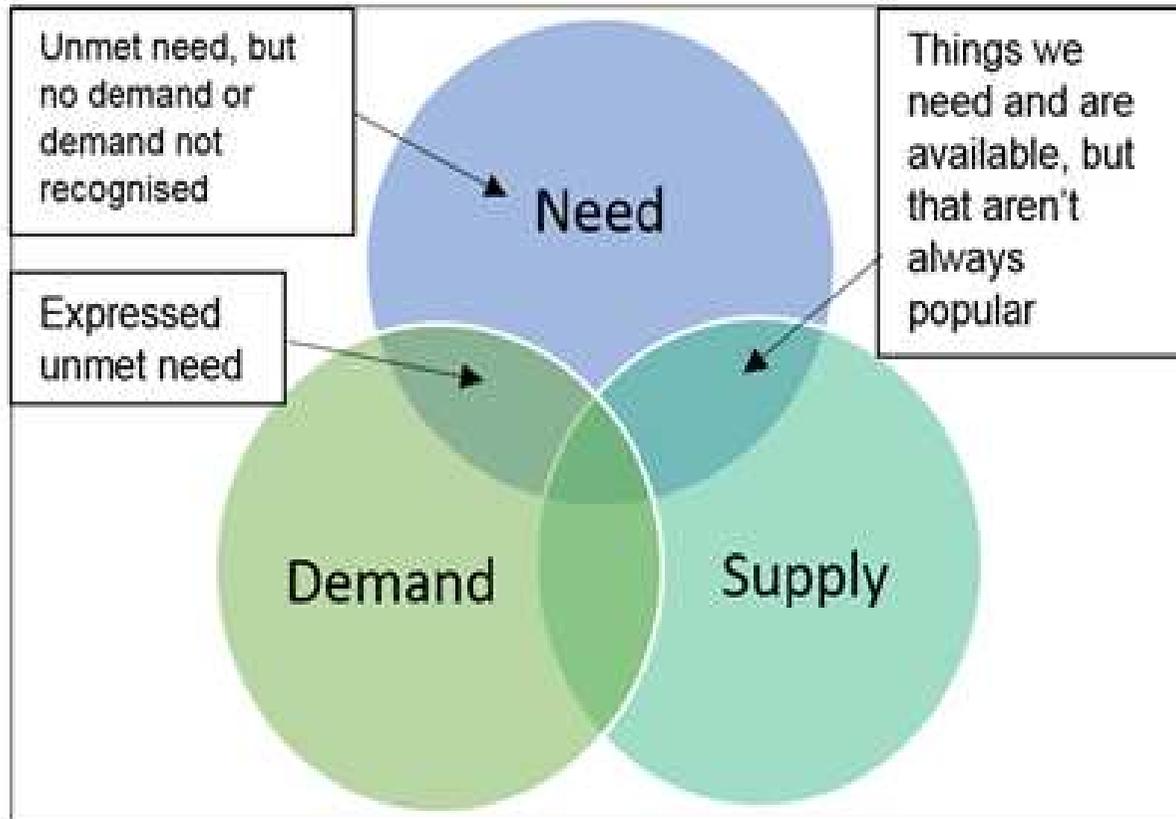
Terms in this presentation

- DA- domestic abuse
- IPV- intimate partner violence
- PP- perpetrator programme
- ACE- adverse childhood experiences

Topics covered

- Needs assessment
- Risk factors for violence
- Risk factors for DA
- Overview of literature- key documents
- Opportunities for interventions

Needs Assessment



- Collating information from various sources
- Outlining need
- Current service provision
- Stakeholders
- Unmet need
- Literature review
- Recommendations

- Draft September

Image credit to Charlotte Matthews, adapted from Stevens, A., Raftery, J. and Mant, J. An introduction to healthcare needs assessment. [Online] University of Birmingham, 2013. [Cited: 25th March 2013.] <http://www.birmingham.ac.uk/research/activity/mds/projects/HaPS/PHEB/HCNA/intro/index.aspx>.

Risk factors for violence

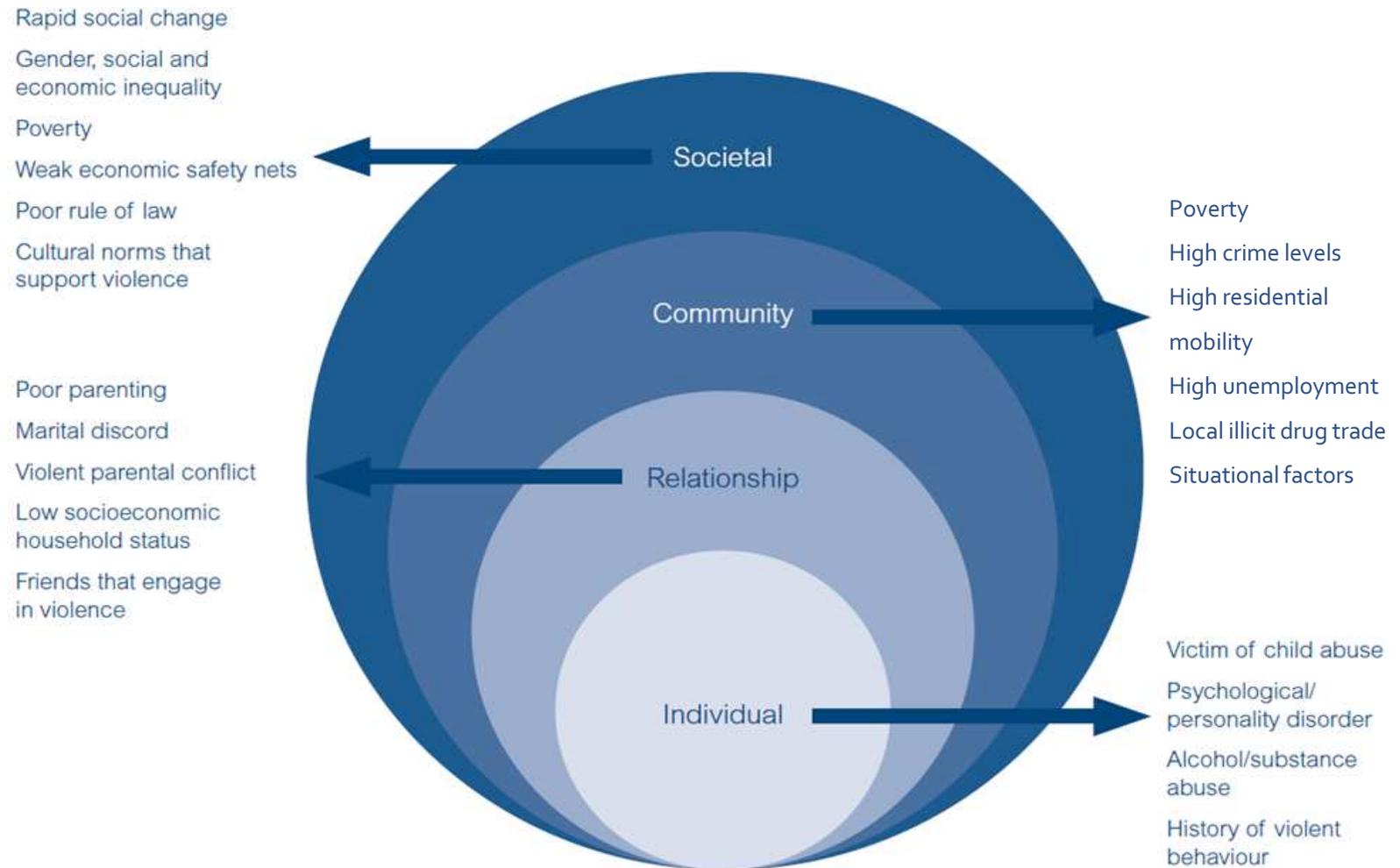
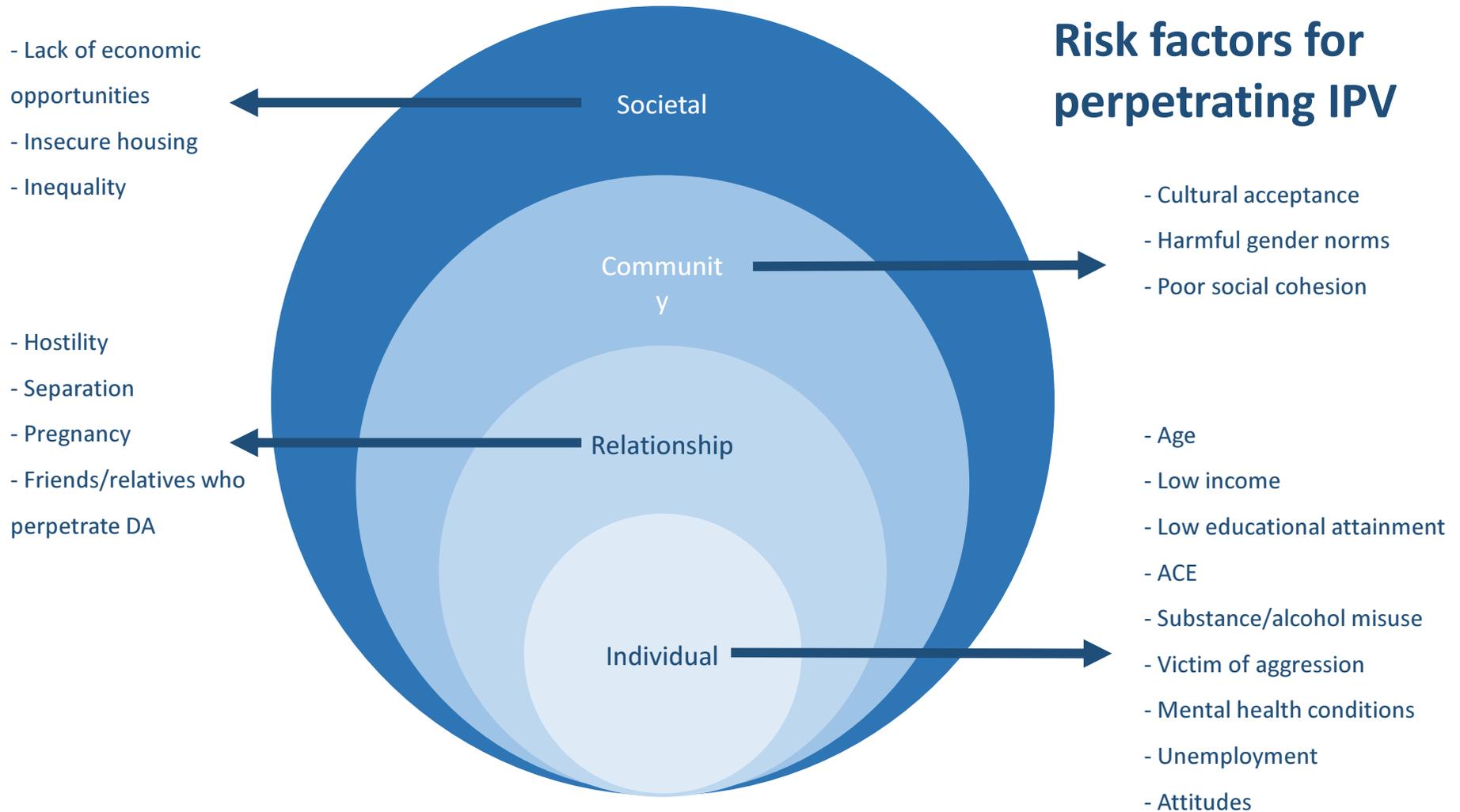


Diagram from: The local government association (2018), Public health approaches to reducing violence. Available from <https://www.local.gov.uk/public-health-approaches-reducing-violence> (accessed 21/02/2019)

Risk factors for perpetrating IPV



Prevention

- **Primary**- preventing someone from ever perpetrating
- **Secondary**- intervening after first occurrence to stop it happening again and minimising the harm to others
- **Tertiary** – stopping serial perpetrators from continuing to perpetrate and minimising the harm to others



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Review

- Overview/policy documents
- Risk factors
- Intervention studies and evaluations

Key documents

Year	Title	Organisation
2014	Early intervention in domestic violence and abuse	Early Intervention Foundation
2016	Ending violence against women and girls	HM Government
2017	Preventing intimate partner violence across the lifespan	CDC
2017	The multi -agency response to children living with domestic abuse	HMI Probation, HMICFRS, CQC and Ofsted
2013/ 2018	Review of interventions to identify, prevent, reduce and respond to domestic violence	NICE and British Columbia centre of excellence for women's health.
2018	Public health approaches to reducing violence	LGA
2018	Rapid evidence assessment: What works with domestic abuse perpetrators?	Welsh government

Summary of main points- primary prevention

- Whole system, life course approach
- Best start for children
- Supporting families
- Relationship education for children and young people
- Safe environments
- Reducing deprivation and financial stressors
- Both universal and targeted approach (for those at high risk)
- Evidence is limited, evaluate wherever possible

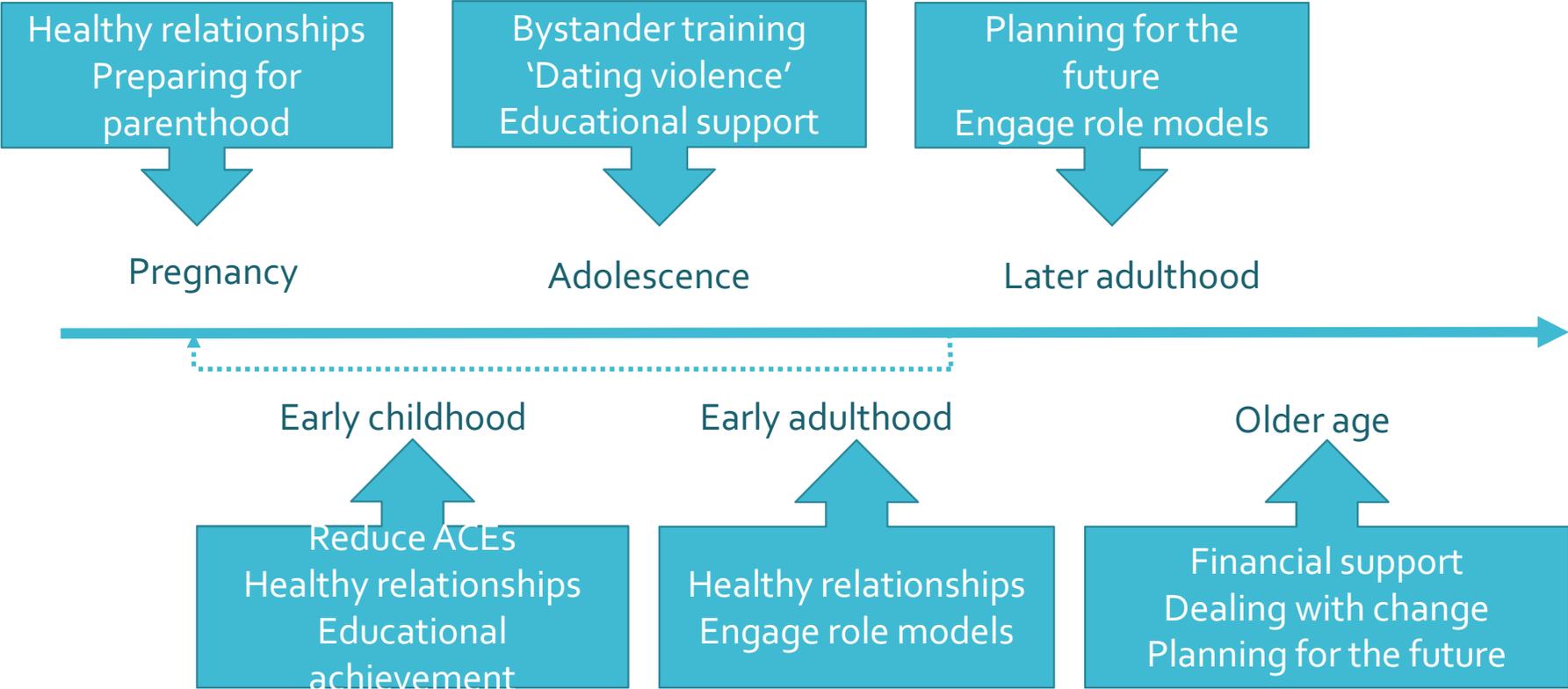
Summary of main points- secondary and tertiary prevention

- Whole system approach
- Increase focus on perpetrators
- Information sharing and collaboration
- Use of technology
- Sanctions for breaches
- Engage role models
- Evidence is limited but growing,
evaluate wherever possible

Factors
associated
with
stopping
perpetrating
IPV
Walker et al
2018

- Peer influence
- Support
- Remove/decrease alcohol
- Changes in perception of situations
- Recognise that behaviour is abusive
- Take responsibility
- Motivation to change

Across the life course: support for difficult life events including IPV, treatment for substance use disorders, perpetrator programmes, family based programmes, changing societal norms, physical and mental health support, creating safe environments, ensuring financial stability, employment opportunities and early recognition of IPV where it occurs.



Across the life course: Address risk factors

Maternity services



Pregnancy

No Limits
Yellow Door/
STAR
Schools/ PSHE
Linx



Adolescence

DAPP
CARA
Help
BBR
CSR



Later adulthood



Early childhood



Refuge worker
Schools/ PSHE

Early adulthood



DAPP
CARA
Help
BBR
CSR

Older age



DAPP
CARA
Help
BBR
CSR

Conclusions

- Agreement on key approaches
 - Whole system (risk factors)
 - Life course
 - Universal primary prevention
- Evidence
 - Comprehensive on risk factors
 - Emerging research of what works
 - Need to evaluate and add to the evidence base

Thanks for
listening



References

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- Early Intervention Foundation. *Early intervention in domestic violence and abuse*. <https://www.eif.org.uk/report/early-intervention-in-domestic-violence-and-abuse> (accessed 21/02/2019).
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- Walker K, Bowen E, Brown S, et al. The Process of Primary Desistance From Intimate Partner Violence. *Violence Against Women* 2018;24(7):843-75.
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